



2019 NFHS Soccer Exam Part I

1. The game officials are observed using headset communication equipment to speak with each other during a match. The use of this equipment is:
 - A. Prohibited.
 - B. Permitted in all cases.
 - C. Allowed unless the state association has prohibited such equipment.
 - D. Allowed only if both coaches agree.

2. A goal may not be scored directly from a:
 - A. Direct free kick.
 - B. Corner kick.
 - C. Drop ball.
 - D. Goal kick.

3. During the taking of a penalty kick, A7 uses several stutter-steps but does not interrupt the approach to the ball. The ball enters the goal. The referee should:
 - A. Allow the goal and restart with a kickoff by the defending team.
 - B. Disallow the goal and retake the kick.
 - C. Disallow the goal and restart with an indirect kick for Team B.
 - D. Disallow the goal, caution A7 for unsporting play and restart with an indirect kick for Team B.

4. During their inspection of the field, the referees note that the field has multiple lines of different color and the soccer field areas contrast in color to the other markings. The referees should:
 - A. Inform the head coach to correct the field markings before the contest can begin.
 - B. Cancel the contest and inform the state association of the improper markings.
 - C. Begin the contest, but inform the state association of the improper markings following the contest.
 - D. Begin the contest as this is permitted by rule.

5. During inspection of the game balls supplied by the home team, the referees note that the balls do not have the NFHS Authenticating Mark.
 - A. This is not permitted and the game may not begin until the referees obtain balls from the home or visiting team that have the NFHS Authenticating Mark.
 - B. This is not permitted. If neither team has three similar quality game balls with the NFHS Authenticating Mark, the game may begin with balls chosen by the referee from those available.
 - C. This is not permitted. If no balls with the NFHS Authenticating Mark are available, the game may begin if the home team can provide balls with the NCAA or FIFA logo on them.
 - D. This is permitted.

6. B10 is apparently injured. The referee has stopped play and summoned the Team B trainer onto the field of play.
- A. Neither coach may give coaching instruction to his or her players during the injury stoppage.
 - B. The Team A coach may give instruction to the Team A players but the Team B coach must only attend to the injured player.
 - C. The Team B coach may only give instructions to the substitute for B10.
 - D. Both coaches may give their teams coaching instruction.
7. During the cautioning and/or disqualification of bench personnel:
- A. Substitutes who have properly reported before the caution and/or disqualification may be beckoned onto the field by the referee.
 - B. Only those substitutes who have reported in from the non-offending team may be beckoned onto the field.
 - C. No substitutes are permitted at this time.
 - D. Any player or bench personnel may substitute at this time.
8. During the penalty kick, a player is found bleeding and is required to leave the field.
- A. The substitute is allowed to take the penalty kick.
 - B. The incoming substitute may not take the penalty kick.
 - C. The bleeding player is allowed to take the penalty kick.
 - D. The bleeding player does not have to leave the field.
9. For substitutions in the last five minutes of the second period, the referee will:
- A. Take no action.
 - B. Allow the substitution for the leading team, but caution the coach.
 - C. Stop the time and allow the substitution if the leading team is making a substitution.
 - D. Not stop the clock if both teams are substituting.
10. Play has been stopped for a foul by A4. The referee has stopped the clock and has given A4 a caution (yellow card.) As the referee is walking with the player towards the Team A bench to report the caution to the coaches, A4 directs insulting language to the referee. A9, a substitute who is waiting to enter the game for A4, has not been beckoned onto the field by the referee.
- A. The referee should ignore A4's statement.
 - B. The referee should show A4 a red card and allow A9 to enter the field.
 - C. The referee should show A4 a red card and not allow A9 to enter the field.
 - D. The referee should show A4 a yellow card, followed by a red card and not allow A9 to enter the game.
11. The home coach presents a roster to the referee which shows the names of all of the players. The roster does not show the names of the coaches or other bench personnel. What should be the referee's response?
- A. The game may not begin until the coach provides a complete roster.
 - B. The game may begin if the coach promises to provide a complete roster by the end of the game.
 - C. The game may begin. Inclusion of the coaches' names on the roster is not required.
 - D. The game may begin but the referee should remind the coach that a complete roster is required for future games.

12. Which of the following is not required to be submitted on a team roster?
- A. A player's number.
 - B. A player's first name.
 - C. A player's last name.
 - D. A player's position.
13. A dark jersey is defined as:
- A. Black.
 - B. Any color other than white.
 - C. Any color that contrasts with white.
 - D. Any color that incorporates black.
14. Before the game, the referee observes B4 wearing soft-padded headgear.
- A. B4 may participate with soft-padded headgear only if a medical release signed by the appropriate medical professional is available.
 - B. B4 may not participate with the soft-padded headgear.
 - C. B4 may participate.
 - D. B4 may participate with the soft-padded headgear only if both coaches agree.
15. Before the game begins, the head referee must verify with each head coach whether their players are properly and legally equipped.
- A. It is not necessary procedure to verify whether the team is properly and legally equipped.
 - B. It is the team captains duty to verify that their team is properly and legally equipped.
 - C. It is the head coaches responsibility that their team is properly and legally equipped.
 - D. There is no required penalty for improperly and illegally equipped players.
16. Before the game, the referee observes that all Team B players are wearing pink rubber bands on their wrists. The referee should:
- A. Wait for the game to begin, then caution each player for improper equipment.
 - B. Not allow Team B to wear the rubber bands as they are considered jewelry.
 - C. Allow Team B to wear them as they are deemed safe.
 - D. Wait for the game to begin, then caution the coach for the improper equipment.
17. Before the game, the Team A head coach informs the referee that A15 will be wearing a hockey-style mask, due to an injury she received in a game the previous week.
- A. This is not permitted.
 - B. This is not permitted unless A15 can show the referee a doctor's permission slip.
 - C. This is permitted.
 - D. This is permitted unless the mask has been painted in an objectionable manner.

18. During the pregame inspection, the official notes that the visiting team's players are wearing white socks with visible black electrical tape around the top of their socks in honor of a schoolmate who has died. The official should:

- A. Take no action.
- B. Not permit players with black tape to play until it is corrected.
- C. Not say anything, but as soon as the game begins, caution the coach for illegal uniform.
- D. Start the game and as soon as a player wearing black tape plays the ball, stop play, caution the player and restart with an indirect kick.

19. It is recommended that substitutes:

- A. Wear distinguishing pinnies when warming up outside the team area.
- B. Warm up for a minimum of 15 minutes prior to entering the match.
- C. Report to the scorer prior to warming up.
- D. Remain in the team area while warming up.

20. The goalkeeper must have a number on the back of the jersey and on the front of the jersey or pants.

- A. This is required.
- B. The color of the number does not have to contrast with the goalkeeper's uniform.
- C. The number of the goalkeeper is 4 inches in height on the back and front of the uniform.
- D. This is not required.

21. The home team and the visiting team are both wearing blue shorts. There is no specific prohibition listed. Since it is not declared illegal, it must be legal.

- A. The referee should not begin the game until the home team is wearing white shorts.
- B. The referee should allow the game to begin but, after the game, should report the situation to the state association.
- C. The referee should not begin the game until the home team is wearing a different color of shorts than the visiting team.
- D. This is permitted.

22. The visiting team is wearing white shirts with yellow piping on the shoulders and sleeves, and dark-colored socks. The visiting team's head coach reports to the referee that its school could not afford new visiting team shirts this year.

- A. The referee should not allow the game to begin until the visiting team is wearing shirts that are all white.
- B. The referee should allow the game to begin. After the game, the referee should report this situation to the state association.
- C. The referee should allow the game to begin. However, since the shirts are illegal, the home team's head coach should receive a caution at the first stoppage.
- D. The referee should allow the game to begin. The visiting team's head coach should be cautioned by the referee at the first stoppage and the referee should report the situation to the state association.

23. The home team jerseys must be:

- A. Striped.
- B. A light color.
- C. Solid white.
- D. A dark color contrasting with white.

24. An identifiable supporter of the home team seated in the designated spectator area is screaming profanities at the nearest assistant referee in disagreement with a decision about offside made by the assistant referee. The referee should:

- A. Stop play and direct the spectator to leave the facility.
- B. Stop play and request that the home school administration take appropriate action.
- C. Stop play and inform the spectator that the assistant referee's decision was correct.
- D. Allow play to continue and ignore the supporter's language.

25. B14 takes a shot on goal, with goalkeeper A1 out of position. A3, however, extends her arm into the path of the ball, deflecting it to B9. B9 shoots and the ball enters the goal.

- A. The referee should award Team B a penalty kick and caution A3 for unsporting conduct.
- B. The referee should award Team B a penalty kick and disqualify A3 for serious foul play.
- C. The referee should allow the goal and caution A3 for unsporting conduct.
- D. The referee should allow the goal and disqualify A3 for serious foul play.

26. Team B's head coach receives a second caution and is disqualified. The referee shall:

- A. Display both the yellow and the red card at the same time in the same hand.
- B. Immediately display the red card.
- C. Display the yellow card indicating the subsequent caution immediately followed by a red card.
- D. Display no card but immediately request the coach to leave the vicinity.

27. The jurisdiction of the officials shall begin:

- A. No later than 15 minutes prior to the start of the game.
- B. On arrival at the field of play and its immediate surroundings.
- C. As soon as the game starts.
- D. As soon as the referee enters the field of play.

28. The referees are wearing yellow jerseys. The home team is wearing yellow jerseys. The referee shall:

- A. Change to a jersey of a color distinct from the field players.
- B. Require the away team to change to a different color jersey.
- C. Begin the contest as this is permitted by rule.
- D. Consult with the head coaches of each team to see if they have an objection.

29. Which of the following is not a duty of the referee?

- A. Instruct the timer to correct the clock when necessary.
- B. Decide matters on which the timer and scorer disagree.
- C. Determine the winner of games.
- D. Make decisions on any points not specifically covered in the rules.

30. Since there is no visible clock available at the game site, the referee shall:
- A. Not begin the contest until a visible clock is made available.
 - B. Keep the official time on his or her watch and shall stop and start his watch at the times specified in Rule 6-2-3a.
 - C. Keep the official time on his or her watch and add time to the end of each period as needed.
 - D. Have the home team's coach keep the official time on the bench.
31. The home team shall provide ball holders for the game.
- A. This is a requirement or the game cannot be played.
 - B. At least two ball holders must be provided by the home team.
 - C. At least two ball holders must be provided by the visiting team.
 - D. There must be at least four ball holders assigned to the game.
32. During play, a referee awards a drop ball.
- A. A drop ball can be awarded to the goalkeeper only.
 - B. A drop ball does not have to touch the ground before it is played.
 - C. A drop ball can be between any number of players.
 - D. The referee can decide who should contest the drop ball.
33. The ball goes directly into the opponent's goal from a corner kick. The referee should:
- A. Disallow the goal.
 - B. Allow the goal only if the ball was played twice before entering the goal.
 - C. Allow the goal.
 - D. None of the above.
34. A2, in an offside position, receives a goal kick taken by B1. The referee shall:
- A. Penalize Team A for A2 being offside.
 - B. Only call offside if a goal is scored.
 - C. Allow play to continue as this is permitted by rule.
 - D. None of the above.
35. A14 is running toward the goal. Her teammate, A12, kicks the ball toward A14. A14 did not see the ball coming and the ball strikes her in the back of the hand as her hand is at her side. The proper call would be to:
- A. Award an indirect free kick to Team B for incidental contact.
 - B. Award a direct free kick to Team B.
 - C. Allow play to continue as the handling was incidental but issue a caution to the player at the next stoppage of play.
 - D. Allow play to continue.
36. A7 fell near the ball due to his own clumsiness. There is no opponent near him. While still on the ground, A7 kicks the ball to A12. The referee should:
- A. Award Team B an indirect free kick.
 - B. Allow play to continue as this is permitted by rule.
 - C. Caution A7 and award a direct free kick.
 - D. Caution A7 at the next stoppage.

37. During the game, the assistant referee on the bench side hears the home team's assistant coach talking on his cell phone. When asked, the coach says that his wife is pregnant and he is checking on her condition.

- A. Caution the coach.
- B. Warn the coach and have her put away her phone.
- C. Confiscate the phone for evidence.
- D. Take no action, this is an allowed use of cell phones.

38. A player has a physical impairment which limits him/her to use only one hand.

- A. The player is not allowed to take a throw-in.
- B. The impaired player can make a sidearm throw.
- C. The impaired player may kick the ball into play.
- D. The impaired player shall deliver the ball from behind and over the head in one continuous motion.

39. On a throw-in, the ball is in play:

- A. When it leaves the hands of the thrower.
- B. When it touches the playing surface.
- C. When it leaves the hands of the thrower and breaks the plane of the touchline.
- D. When it touches a second player.

40. The referee awards a throw-in to Team B. B17 runs towards the touchline with the ball, releasing it while she has both feet on the ground, on or behind the touchline. Her momentum, however, causes her to raise her left foot shortly after she releases the ball.

- A. Team A should be awarded a throw-in from the same location.
- B. Team A should be awarded an indirect free kick from the spot on the touchline where B17 raised her foot.
- C. Play should continue.
- D. Play should continue unless B17's momentum causes her to fall.

41. B17 is being replaced on a legal substitution opportunity for her team. What should happen next?

- A. B17 is considered to still be a player until her replacement, B12, takes her position on the field.
- B. B17 is considered to still be a player until her replacement, B12, is beckoned onto the field by the referee.
- C. B17 is considered to still be a player until her replacement, B12, steps onto the field.
- D. B17 is considered to still be a player until she has left the field and the game has been restarted.

42. An opposing player plays the ball before the ball clears the penalty area on a goal kick.

- A. The referee shall take no action as this is allowed.
- B. The referee shall warn the opposing player and order a rekick.
- C. The referee shall caution the player and award an indirect kick.
- D. The referee shall award a dropped ball.

43. Player A10 who is not on the roster scores a goal. The referee should:
- A. Add A10 to the roster and allow the goal.
 - B. Add A10 to the roster but disallow the goal.
 - C. Add A10 to the roster, allow the goal and caution Team A coach.
 - D. Disallow the goal and caution A10 for illegal substitution.
44. The home team arrives for a contest wearing pink jerseys and socks.
- A. This is legal.
 - B. This is illegal and the game shall not be played until corrected.
 - C. This is illegal, the head coach is cautioned for illegal uniforms and the game shall not be played until corrected.
 - D. This is illegal and the head coach should be cautioned and the game shall be played.
45. Head coverings worn for medical/cosmetic or religious reasons are permitted provided:
- A. The covering is not abrasive, hard or dangerous to another player.
 - B. The covering is highly unlikely to come off during play.
 - C. Prior approval by the state association or delegate is given.
 - D. All of the above.
46. The home team is wearing solid blue jerseys and socks, but three members of the team are wearing a white, long-sleeve shirt under their jersey.
- A. This is illegal and must be corrected before they are allowed to participate.
 - B. This is legal.
 - C. This is illegal as not every home team player is wearing a white long-sleeve shirt under her jersey.
 - D. This is illegal as the visiting team is wearing white jerseys.
47. Home team A is wearing blue jerseys and socks. A1 is wearing a white long-sleeve undershirt, A2 is wearing visible black compression shorts and A3 is wearing a blue long-sleeve undershirt.
- A. Illegal. Visible apparel worn under the jersey shall be of a similar length, all alike and of a solid color.
 - B. This is legal.
 - C. Illegal as visible apparel does not match the predominant color of the uniform.
 - D. Illegal as compression shorts do not match the color of the uniform shorts.
48. At the opening kickoff, A1 enters B's side of the field in order to kick the ball backward to A2.
- A. Illegal as all players must be on their team's half of the field at kickoff.
 - B. This is legal.
 - C. Illegal. A rekick should be taken.
 - D. Illegal. An indirect kick is awarded to Team B.

49. A2 in the penalty area is advancing the ball toward his opponent's goal with an obvious goal-scoring opportunity. B3 grabs A2's shirt and A2 does not score a goal.

- A. Award Team A a penalty kick and disqualify B3 for denying an obvious goal-scoring opportunity.
- B. Award Team A a penalty kick.
- C. Award Team A a penalty kick and caution B3 for denying an obvious goal-scoring opportunity.
- D. Award Team A a corner kick.

50. During active play, Team B's coach enters the playing field to argue a call with the official and interferes with active play.

- A. Award Team A a direct kick from the point of the infraction.
- B. Award Team A an indirect kick from the point of the infraction.
- C. Resume play with a drop ball.
- D. Award Team A an indirect kick from where the ball was when the referee stopped play.

51. During an inspection of the field, the referees note that the team areas are not marked. What is the correct procedure?

- A. The referee should notify the state association.
- B. The game will not start until the team areas are properly marked.
- C. The game will begin without the proper markings.
- D. Both A and C.

52. During inspection of the field, the referees note that the corner flags are not orange. What should be the referee's response?

- A. This is not permitted and the game may not begin until orange corner flags are provided.
- B. This is not permitted but the game may begin with corner flags that are not orange. The referee should notify the home team to correct the situation for future games.
- C. This is permitted.
- D. Since the corner flags are not the proper color, they should be removed before the game begins.

53. Due to inclement weather, both coaches agree to shorten the periods of the game. This may be done:

- A. Only before the game begins.
- B. Only during the first period.
- C. Only after one half of the game has been played.
- D. Before the game begins or before the beginning of the second half.

54. Which of the following is an NFHS Official Soccer Signal?

- A. Holding.
- B. Tripping.
- C. Spitting.
- D. Starting the clock.

55. The official signal for a goal scored is:

- A. Blowing the whistle.
- B. Raising both hands above the head.
- C. Stopping the clock.
- D. Stopping the clock and pointing to the center of the field.

56. At the taking of a corner kick, the defending players must be:

- A. 10 yards from the ball.
- B. 10 yards from the corner flag.
- C. 10 yards from the quarter circle.
- D. 10 yards from the ball unless they are marking an opponent who is not taking the kick.

57. The referee awards a throw-in to Team A. A 14 takes the throw, but the ball hits the ground outside the touchline before entering the field. The referee should:

- A. Allow play to continue, ball is in play.
- B. Allow Team A to retake the throw.
- C. Allow the throw-in to Team B from the same location.
- D. Administer a drop ball at the spot where the ball touched the ground.

58. The referee awards a throw-in to Team B. B7 takes the throw-in, and as he throws the ball in, the ball spins just as it is released. The throw-in lands outside the touchline. The referee should:

- A. Award a throw-in to Team A at the original spot of the throw-in because the throw-in by B7 was spinning.
- B. Award a throw-in to Team A at the spot where the ball landed because the throw-in by B7 did not enter the field.
- C. Award a throw-in to Team A at the original spot of the throw-in because the throw-in by B7 did not enter the field.
- D. Allow Team B to retake the throw-in because the throw-in by B7 did not enter the field.

59. The referee has awarded Team B a penalty kick. As B4 runs towards the ball to take the kick, B9, B7 and A5 enter the penalty area. The referee allows the kick to proceed.

- A. If the ball enters the goal, restart play with a kickoff for Team A.
- B. If the ball does not enter the goal, retake the kick.
- C. Regardless of the outcome, retake the kick.
- D. The referee should not allow the kick to be taken and should caution the Team B players who encroached.

60. The referee has awarded Team B a penalty kick. The goalkeeper, A1, stands with his back to the ball. The referee shall:

- A. Allow play to continue as this is permitted by rule.
- B. Require the goalkeeper to face the kicker.
- C. Suspend the contest until the goalkeeper agrees to face the kicker.
- D. Declare a forfeit.

61. A9 believes that he has been fouled by B4. The referee allows play to continue. A9 spits at the referee. If the referee stops play immediately, the referee should:

- A. Display a yellow card to A9 and restart play with a direct kick.
- B. Display a red card to A9 and restart play with an indirect kick.
- C. Display a red card to A9 and restart play with a direct kick.
- D. Display yellow card and restart with an indirect kick.

62. An indirect free kick is awarded to Team B. A player from Team A refuses to move the required 10 yards and then kicks the ball away.

- A. A direct free kick should be awarded to Team B.
- B. The referee directs team B to retake the kick.
- C. The referee shall caution the player from Team A and the restart is the indirect free kick that was awarded to Team B.
- D. The referee shall issue a red card for taunting and award an indirect kick.

63. B9 is tripped by A6. The referee stops play and awards a free kick to Team B. A6 and other Team A players move slowly to form a defensive wall. Without waiting for the Team A players to be at least 10 yards from the ball, B5's kick strikes the arm of A8 whose arm is stationary and in a natural playing position.

- A. Play should continue.
- B. The referee should stop play, caution A8, require him to leave the field and restart play with a direct free kick from the spot of the previous kick by Team A.
- C. The referee should stop play, caution A8, require him to leave the field and restart play with an indirect free kick from the spot where A8 contacted the ball.
- D. The referee should caution A8 before B5 takes the kick.

64. B9 is tripped by A6. The referee stops play and awards a free kick to Team B. A6 remains at the spot of the foul, between the ball and the goal defended by Team A, arguing that B9 fell over his leg and that there was no trip.

- A. The referee should caution A6 and require him to leave the field of play.
- B. The referee should caution A6 for delaying the restart of play and also caution him for dissent. The referee should then disqualify A6 for receiving a second caution.
- C. The referee should ignore A6 and signal for the restart of play.
- D. The referee should move to a spot 10 yards closer to the goal defended by Team A and urge A6 to retreat to that position.

65. While A10 is dribbling towards goal, a substitute in the bench area, B17, throws a water bottle at A5, striking him in the head. The referee stops play, determines that A5 is able to continue to play and disqualifies B17.

- A. The game must be restarted with a direct free kick by Team A from the spot where A5 was struck.
- B. The game must be restarted with an indirect free kick by Team A from the spot where A5 was struck.
- C. The game must be restarted with a direct free kick by Team A from the location of the ball at the time A5 was struck.
- D. The game must be restarted with an indirect free kick by Team A from the location of the ball at the time A5 was struck.

66. The referee notices Player A has a broken knee brace. This player is improperly equipped. The referee should:
- A. Allow the player to fix it if it is immediately correctable.
 - B. Allow the player to leave the field and allow a substitute.
 - C. Allow the player to leave the field without replacement, and then re-enter at the next dead ball if an official is satisfied that the equipment is in order.
 - D. All of the above.
67. A team with fewer than 11 players, but at least 7 players, may have an additional player enter the game:
- A. At the next substitution opportunity for the late arriving player.
 - B. At the next dead ball.
 - C. During the run of play.
 - D. Only at the beginning of the next half.
68. A6 has banged heads with an opponent while trying to head a high ball. The referee has stopped play and has determined that A6 has the signs of a possible concussion. The referee requires A6 to leave the field and informs his coach that he may have suffered a concussion. There is no state association rule about concussions beyond that contained in the NFHS rules book.
- A. The referee should not allow A6 to return to the game after being cleared by an appropriate health-care professional.
 - B. The referee may allow A6 to return to the game if the coach indicates appropriate medical personnel has cleared the player.
 - C. The referee should allow A6 to return to the game if his coach has him report in per 3-4-1.
 - D. The referee should not allow A6 to return until the opponent is able to return.
69. Cautioned Player A4 leaves the game and is not replaced. When can A4 re-enter the game:
- A. At any stoppage.
 - B. At Team A's next legal opportunity to substitute.
 - C. During the run of play.
 - D. A4 does not have to leave the game.
70. During the game, the referee notices that B30 has tape on her ear lobes. Closer observation indicates that there are earrings underneath the tape. The referee should:
- A. Stop the game, caution the Team B head coach and require B30 to leave the game.
 - B. Wait until the next stoppage; and since this is the first caution for illegal equipment, caution the Team B head coach and require B30 to leave the game.
 - C. Wait until the next stoppage, feel B30's ear lobes to check for earrings under the tape and, if so, caution the Team B head coach and require B30 to leave the game.
 - D. Since the referee did not notice the tape before the game, the referee should take no action.
71. During the course of play near the touchline, the official notes that Player A is running outside the field of play and is playing the ball, which is inside the field of play.
- A. The referee shall award an indirect kick for the violation.
 - B. The ball continues to be in play.
 - C. The referee shall stop play and give the ball back to Team A for a throw-in.
 - D. The referee shall award a throw-in to Team B.

72. The referee inadvertently sounds the whistle.

- A. Realizing the error, the referee verbally directs "play on" to the players to continue play.
- B. The referee stops play and awards a dropped ball regardless of possession.
- C. The referee stops play and awards an indirect kick to the team in possession.
- D. The referee should do nothing and allow play to continue.

73. When the ball is out of play or for a foul, the referee should:

- A. Sound the whistle.
- B. Let play continue.
- C. Wait for the assistant official to make the call.
- D. Sound the whistle three times.

74. A player is cautioned and the referee orders the clock to be stopped:

- A. The official timer restarts the clock when the cautioned player leaves the field.
- B. Time is restarted when the ball is put into play.
- C. Time is restarted when the referee blows the whistle.
- D. As soon as the substitute enters the field, time is restarted.

75. The game is only 20 minutes old when Team A coach removes her players from the field because of a dispute with the referee. The coach refuses to continue the game despite the referee's instructions to do so.

- A. The referee shall suspend the game.
- B. The referee shall terminate the game.
- C. The referee shall re-schedule the game.
- D. The referee shall remove the coach and continue to play.

76. The referee has awarded Team B a free kick just outside its own penalty area. B3 takes the free kick and passes back to the goalkeeper, who misplays the pass and has the ball carom off his foot and into the goal. The proper restart is:

- A. A corner kick.
- B. A kickoff for the defending team.
- C. An indirect kick.
- D. A direct kick.

77. Which statement results in a goal?

- A. During a goal kick, Goalkeeper A1 takes the kick and the ball deflects off a player from Team B who was inside the penalty area and the ball deflects into the goal.
- B. Goalkeeper A1 catches a shot on goal by Team B. In preparing to throw the ball to a teammate, Goalkeeper A slips and drops the ball which lands on the goal line between the goalposts before picking the ball up again.
- C. During a goal kick, Goalkeeper A1 takes the kick and the ball deflects off a player from his/her own team who was inside the penalty area and the ball deflects into the goal.
- D. Goalkeeper A1 catches a shot on goal by Team B. In preparing to throw the ball to a teammate, Goalkeeper A slips and drops the ball which lands entirely across the goal line and between the goalposts.

78. During an attack by Team A, A4 is laying injured on the ground in an offside position. A3 scores an apparent goal while A4 is in the offside position.

- A. Disallow the goal and penalize A4 for being offside.
- B. Disallow the goal and award a goal kick to Team B.
- C. Allow the goal, but caution A4 for an unsporting act.
- D. Allow the goal as A4 was not involved in active play.

79. Player A2 deliberately plays the ball to player B9 who is in an offside position. B9 should be:

- A. Cautioned for being offside at the next stoppage in play but allow play to continue.
- B. Penalized for being offside.
- C. Allowed to continue to play, no infraction.
- D. Award an indirect free kick to Team A.

80. Team A has a kickoff in the first half of play. Player A1 kicks the ball backward to Player A2. The official should:

- A. Order the kick to be retaken.
- B. Award a direct free kick to Team B.
- C. Require Team A to retake the kickoff.
- D. Allow play to continue.

81. A player shall be disqualified (red card) for:

- A. Disproportionate and unnecessary force against an opponent while playing the ball.
- B. Deliberately handling the ball (other than the goalkeeper) attempting to prevent a goal and the goal is not scored.
- C. Committing a foul, attempting to deny an obvious goal-scoring opportunity, and the goal is not scored.
- D. All of the above.

82. A player shall be disqualified, without caution, by the official when he or she has completed the following action:

- A. Hand ball.
- B. Kicks the ball out of bounds.
- C. Flagrantly fouls the goalkeeper who is in possession of the ball.
- D. Fakes an injury.

83. A7 and A9 have both fallen to the ground in the vicinity of the ball. While still on the ground, A9 attempts to kick the ball to A13.

- A. A9 is guilty of dangerous play. The referee should award team B an indirect free kick.
- B. A9 is guilty of dangerous play. The referee should apply advantage and allow play to continue.
- C. A9 is guilty of kicking. The referee should award team B a direct free kick.
- D. A9 is not guilty of any offense. Play should continue.

84. A9 scores a goal to make the score 1-0 with 1:30 left in the game. He runs toward the portion of the spectators dominated by his school's supporters, removes his shirt and waves it above his head.

- A. A9 is guilty of an excessive act that focuses attention on himself. The referee should caution A9.
- B. A9 is guilty of an excessive act that focuses attention on himself. The referee should disqualify A9.
- C. A9 is guilty of taunting. The referee should disqualify A9.
- D. A9 is not guilty of an offense. Play should restart with a Team B kickoff.

85. B9 takes a throw-in, which his goalkeeper, B1, traps with his feet. B1 then dribbles the ball into the penalty area and picks it up with his hands in order to punt the ball. The officials should:

- A. Award a penalty kick to Team A for handling by B1.
- B. At the next stoppage of play issue a caution to B1.
- C. Award an indirect free kick to Team A.
- D. Allow play to continue as there is no violation.

86. Bench personnel running onto the field while the ball is in play is an example of:

- A. Misconduct.
- B. Serious foul play.
- C. A foul.
- D. Dangerous play.

87. During halftime, the referee notices that the visiting team's head coach is showing his players a video of action from the first half on his tablet. What action should be taken?

- A. Dismiss the coach.
- B. Take no action.
- C. Report the incident to the proper authorities.
- D. Caution the coach.

88. During active play, Team B's coach enters the playing field to argue a call with the official, but does not interfere with active play.

- A. Award Team A a direct kick from the point of the infraction.
- B. Award Team A an indirect kick from the point of the infraction.
- C. Resume play with a drop ball.
- D. Award Team A an indirect kick from where the ball was when the referee stopped play.

89. At the taking of a tie-breaking kick from the penalty mark, goalkeeper A1 deflects the kicked ball. As he celebrates, the ball's momentum causes it to strike the ground and spin into the goal. The referee should:

- A. Disallow the goal as it happened after the goalkeeper's initial touch.
- B. Allow the goal.
- C. Have the kicker retake the kick.
- D. Allow the goal and caution the goalkeeper for the celebration.

90. During the taking of a penalty kick:
- A. The goalkeeper shall stand on the goal line facing the kicker.
 - B. The goalkeeper may stand on the goal line facing the goal.
 - C. The goalkeeper may stand on the goal line outside the goal posts.
 - D. The goalkeeper may move before the ball is kicked.
91. A throw-in by Player A goes directly to her own goalkeeper, who catches the ball with her hands. The referee should:
- A. Take no action as this is allowed.
 - B. Award an indirect free kick to the opponent.
 - C. Retake the throw-in.
 - D. Award a throw-in to the opposing team.
92. A2 is advancing the ball toward the opponent's goal with an obvious goal-scoring opportunity. B3, who is attempting to play the ball, fouls A2, who is outside the penalty area and does not score a goal.
- A. Award Team A a penalty kick and disqualify B3 for denying an obvious goal-scoring opportunity.
 - B. Award Team A a penalty kick and caution B3 for denying an obvious goal-scoring opportunity.
 - C. Award Team A a direct kick and caution B3 for denying an obvious goal-scoring opportunity.
 - D. Award Team A a direct kick and disqualify B3 for denying an obvious goal-scoring opportunity.
93. Which of these is true about taunting?
- A. Taunting is a misconduct and requires a caution to the offender.
 - B. It is not required that the player be disqualified.
 - C. Taunting is a misconduct and requires that the offending player be disqualified.
 - D. If it is directed at a teammate, it requires no action.
94. Which of the following is considered unsporting conduct and will result in a caution?
- A. Taunting.
 - B. Spitting at an opponent.
 - C. Committing a foul in a reckless manner.
 - D. Leaving the team area to participate in a fight.
95. When a coach is disqualified from the game and refuses to leave the playing area, the following can occur:
- A. Game continues.
 - B. Game is terminated.
 - C. Game is delayed.
 - D. None of the above.
96. The referee stops play for dangerous play, which is an act likely to cause injury to self, opponent or teammate.
- A. The penalty is an indirect free kick for the opposing team.
 - B. The penalty for the infraction is a direct free kick.
 - C. The referee must award a drop ball.
 - D. Dangerous play is considered a foul and a direct free kick is awarded to the opposing team.

97. The visiting team arrives for a contest wearing light gray jerseys and socks.

- A. This is illegal and the visiting team must change prior to play.
- B. This is legal.
- C. The visiting team must change to an all-white jersey and socks if possible. If it is not possible to correct the problem, the game shall be played and the state association notified.
- D. This is illegal and the head coach should be cautioned and the game shall be played.

98. Visiting Team B is wearing white jerseys and socks. B1 is wearing a black long-sleeve undershirt, B2 is wearing black tights, and B3 is wearing a black arm sleeve.

- A. B3 is wearing illegal equipment as arm sleeves are not allowed.
- B. This is legal.
- C. Illegal. Visible apparel does not match the predominant color of the uniform.
- D. Illegal as visible undergarments are not all alike.

99. Which of following may not be worn on the team jersey?

- A. American flag.
- B. School emblem.
- C. School name.
- D. Premier League patch.

100. Which of the following is considered legal equipment for players?

- A. Goalkeeper with a soft-billed cap.
- B. A hockey goalie-type mask.
- C. Soft-padded headgear.
- D. A and C.